Weekly Carbon Monoxide (CO) Checks - Repeatable Engine Load Test (Torque Converter Transmission)

Best Practice Series BP-76

The following best practice tips are recommended to conduct accurate, reliable, and safe repeatable engine load tests on torque converter transmissions.

Prepare the Machine for Test

- Warm up the engine (Emissions change for cold and warm engines).
- Park the machine into an intake entry with machine facing the mine rib.
- · Set brakes and chock the wheels.
- Sample undiluted exhaust emissions before they pass through any after treatment devices, such as catalytic converter, particulate trap, fume diluters, and water scrubber.

Conduct the Engine Load Test

- Make sure no personnel are in front or behind the machine.
- · Set transmission gear.
- Apply full throttle for about 60 seconds to induce converter stall.
- Sample, allowing reading to stabilize, and record measurement(s).
- Release throttle and shift transmission out of gear.
- Allow torque converter to cool to prevent damage.

- Repeat the test using the same method every week for comparable results.
- Sample with CO measurement device at idle, prior to torque stall, to allow for quicker sampling and shorter stall tests.
- Use a tachometer to verify the engine speed at load which will help ensure weekly repeatability.

Evaluate and Interpret Findings

- Check for changes in CO concentration against the baseline you have established for the engine.
 - » Increases in CO concentration level above the established baseline indicate problems.
- Contact MSHA Technical Support for guidance on engine CO information.
- Maintain records to track engine performance for easy weekly comparison. For example:
 - » A chart of individual equipment emissions plotted over time (weekly); or
 - » A logbook to track each piece of equipment: or
 - » A logbook to track similar types of engines.



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